

44. Since $\varepsilon = -L(di/dt)$, we may obtain the desired induced emf by setting

$$\frac{di}{dt} = -\frac{\varepsilon}{L} = -\frac{60\text{V}}{12\text{H}} = -5.0\text{A/s},$$

or $|di/dt| = 5.0\text{A/s}$. We might, for example, uniformly reduce the current from 2.0 A to zero in 40 ms.